# **Select Committee on Pension Policy**

P.O. Box 40914 Olympia, WA 98504-0914 actuary\_st@leg.wa.gov

### **Executive Committee**

**November 9, 2004** 

8:30 - 9:30 AM 1:00 - 3:30 PM

Senate Conference Room A-B-C, Olympia

### **AGENDA**

<b>(A)</b>	Approval	l of September	and October	Meeting	Minutes
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(B) Today's Full Committee Meeting

(C) Age 65 Retirement Subgroup Report
- Mr. Goeke

(D) Purchasing Power Subgroup Report

- Representative Fromhold

(E) Deferred Rate Increases (Bill Draft)
- Matt Smith, State Actuary

(F) LEOFF 1 Benefit Cap (Bill Draft)
- Bob Baker

(G) LEOFF 1 Ex-spouse Survivor Benefit

– Bob Baker

(H) Retire/rehire Sick Leave Cashout
- Mr. Westberg

(I) Interruptive Military Service
- Laura Harper

(J) December Meeting Agendas

(K) Actuary Performance Evaluation

- Senator Fraser, Mr. Goeke

#### Representative Gary Alexander

Elaine M. Banks

TRS Retirees

Marty Brown, Director\*

Office of Financial Management

Senator Don Carlson

John Charles, Director

Department of Retirement Systems

Representative Steve Conway\*

Vic e Chair

Richard Ford

PERS Retirees

Senator Karen Fraser\*

Chair

Representative Bill Fromhold

Leland A. Goeke\*

TRS and SERS Employers

**Bob Keller** 

PERS Actives

Corky Mattingly

PERS Employers

Doug Miller

PERS Employers

Glenn Olson

PERS Employers

Representative Larry Crouse

Diane Rae

TRS Actives

Senator Debbie Regala

J. Pat Thompson

PERS Actives

David Westberg\*

SERS Actives

\*Executive Committee

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# **Select Committee on Pension Policy**

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### DRAFT MINUTES EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEETING

September 7, 2004

The Select Committee on Pension Policy met in Senate Conference Room A-B-C, Olympia, Washington on September 7, 2004.

Executive Committee members attending:

Senator Fraser, Chair Representative Conway, Vice-Chair Leland Goeke David Westberg

Other members attending the morning session:

Representative Alexander

Elaine Banks

Senator Carlson

Representative Fromhold

Corky Mattingly

Doug Miller

Glenn Olson

Diane Rae

Maureen Westgard attending for John Charles

Senator Fraser, Chair, called the meeting to order at 9:30 AM.

#### **(A) Personnel Issues**

Senator Fraser announced that Richard Ford had resigned to accept an appointment to the Transportation Commission. Since Mr. Ford was a member of the State Actuary Appointment Committee a replacement would need to be appointed. She asked members for recommendations.

#### **(B) Executive Committee Action Before Full Committee Meeting**

PFC Subgroup Report and Deferred Rate Increases:

Matt Smith, State Actuary, reviewed the "PFC Subgroup Report" and the "Deferred Rate Increases" report. Committee members discussed these issues.

#### Representative Gary Alexander

Elaine M. Banks

TRS Retirees

Marty Brown, Director\*

Office of Financial Management

**Senator Don Carlson** 

John Charles, Director

Department of Retirement Systems

Representative Steve Conway\*

Vice Chair

**Representative Larry Crouse** 

**Richard Ford** 

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Glenn Olson

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Diane Rae

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J. Pat Thompson

**PERS Actives** 

David Westberg\*

**SERS Actives** 

\*Executive Committee

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It was moved that the Executive Committee recommend to the Full Committee that the SCPP recommend that the PFC adopt the preliminary 2005-07 contribution rates, as calculated by the State Actuary, including the cost of recognizing the liability associated with future gain-sharing benefits. Seconded.

### **MOTION CARRIED**

### OSA Budget:

Matt Smith, State Actuary, presented the "2005-07 OSA Budget Request" handout. Members discussed the request.

The meeting adjourned at 9:55 AM to attend the Full Committee meeting.

The meeting was called to order at 12:30 PM.

Executive Committee members attending:

Senator Fraser, Chair Representative Conway, Vice-chair Leland Goeke David Westberg Maureen Westgard attending for John Charles

Other members attending the afternoon session:

Representative Alexander Elaine Banks Senator Carlson Representative Fromhold Corky Mattingly Glenn Olson Diane Rae

### (C) Action on Today's Issues

### Age 65 Retirement:

Members discussed this issue and staff was instructed to provide a handout with costs for the October Full Committee Agenda.

The meeting adjourned at 1:00 for lunch.

The meeting resumed at 1:30 PM.

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### Retiree Health Insurance:

Committee members discussed this issue. They decided the Purchasing Power subgroup would study it and report at the October Executive Committee meeting.

The following people testified:

Leslie Main, Washington State School Retirees Association

Steve Nelsen, LEOFF 2 Board

### (D) Interruptive Military Service Credit

Laura Harper, Senior Research Analyst Legal, reported on the "Military Service Credit" report.

Steve Nelsen, LEOFF 2 Retirement Board, also spoke on this issue. Representative Conway requested staff to draft bill language and schedule Interruptive Military Service Credit for the October Full Committee meeting.

### (E) SCPP Executive Committee Membership

Laura Harper, Senior Research Analyst Legal, reviewed the "Executive Committee Membership" handout. Staff was instructed to draft bill language and schedule this issue for the October Full Committee meeting.

### (F) Post-retirement Employment Subgroup Report

Representative Fromhold reviewed the "Post-retirement Employment Bill Comparison" table, and after members discussed this issue, staff was instructed to draft bill language on Draft E and schedule for the October Full Committee meeting.

Dave Nelsen, Department of Retirement Systems spoke on Draft E.

### (G) 2005 Subgroup: Extended School Year

The members on this subgroup are: Lee Goeke, Elaine Banks, Diane Rae and a member from DRS.

Staff was asked to poll the SCPP members regarding changing the November meeting date from November 9<sup>th</sup> to another date in November.

### (H) Personnel Issues

A State Actuary Evaluation Committee was established. The members on the State Actuary Evaluation Committee are Senator Fraser and Leland Goeke.

The meeting adjourned at 3:00 PM.

# **Select Committee on Pension Policy**

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## DRAFT MINUTES EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEETING

October 19, 2004

The Select Committee on Pension Policy met in Senate Conference Room A-B-C, Olympia, Washington on October 19, 2004.

Executive Committee members attending:

Senator Fraser, Chair

Representative Conway, Vice-Chair

Leland Goeke

David Westberg

John Charles, alternate for Marty Brown

Other members attending the morning session:

Representative Alexander

Elaine Banks

Senator Carlson

Representative Fromhold

Robert Keller

Corky Mattingly

Doug Miller

Glenn Olson

Diane Rae

Senator Fraser, Chair, called the meeting to order at 9:30 AM.

Senator Fraser recommended that the Draft Minutes of the Executive and Full Committee meetings be put on the Agendas for approval by the Committee members.

### (A) Today's Full Committee Meeting

Age 65 Retirement Subgroup Report

Lee Goeke reported that the Age 65 Retirement Subgroup met October 14th. The subgroup recommended that the Executive Committee recommend Option 1: "Rule of 90" and consider taking this recommendation to the Full Committee. Out-of-state service credit was also discussed. Other subgroup members spoke on this issue.

### Representative Gary Alexander

Elaine M. Banks

TRS Retirees

Marty Brown, Director\*

Office of Financial Management

**Senator Don Carlson** 

John Charles, Director

**Department of Retirement Systems** 

Representative Steve Conway\*

Vice Chair

**Representative Larry Crouse** 

**Richard Ford** 

PERS Retirees

Senator Karen Fraser\*

Chair

Representative Bill Fromhold

Leland A. Goeke\*

TRS and SERS Employers

**Bob Keller** 

PERS Actives

**Corky Mattingly** 

PERS Employers

**Doug Miller** 

PERS Employers

Glenn Olson

PERS Employers

Diane Rae

TRS Actives

Senator Debbie Regala

J. Pat Thompson

PERS Actives

David Westberg\*

SERS Actives

\*Executive Committee

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The following person testified:

John Kvamme, Washington Association of School Administrators/Association of Washington School Principals.

Senator Fraser reviewed the Full Committee Agenda.

### Opt in/Opt Out, Age 70½ Subgroup

Lee Goeke reported that the Opt in/Opt Out, Age 70½ Subgroup met October 19th. The Subgroup recommended that the Executive Committee restructure these two bills into a single piece of legislation.

The meeting adjourned at 10:00 AM to attend the Full Committee meeting.

The meeting was called to order at 1:30 PM.

Executive Committee members attending:

Senator Fraser, Chair Representative Conway, Vice-Chair David Westberg John Charles, alternate for Marty Brown

Other members attending the afternoon session:

Elaine Banks
Senator Carlson
Representative Fromhold
Robert Keller
Corky Mattingly
Glenn Olson
Senator Regala

### (A) Age 65 Retirement

Representative Conway recommended the Age 65 Retirement Subgroup meet to discuss this issue further and report at the November Executive Committee meeting.

### (B) Purchasing Power Subgroup Report

Representative Fromhold reported that the Purchasing Power Subgroup met on September 7<sup>th</sup> and are scheduled to meet following the completion of the Executive Committee meeting. Representative Fromhold reviewed the "Purchasing Power Subgroup Report" and Matt Smith spoke on the letter

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received from the Retired Public Employees Council of Washington. The subgroup will report back to the Executive Committee on November 9th.

### (C) Opt In/Opt Out, Age 70½

Staff was instructed to draft bill language and place this issue on the November 9<sup>th</sup> Full Committee agenda.

### (D) Deferred Rate Increases

Matt Smith, State Actuary, reviewed the "Deferred Rate Increases" report.

It was moved to draft bill language with the understanding that more fiscal data will be provided and schedule for the November Executive Committee agenda. Seconded.

### **MOTION CARRIED**

### (E) State Patrol Rate Stability

Staff was instructed to draft bill language and put this issue on the November Full Committee agenda.

### (F) LEOFF 1 Issues

Staff was instructed to draft bill language on "LEOFF 1 Survivor Benefits" and "LEOFF 1 Disability Boards" and put on the November 9<sup>th</sup> Full Committee agenda.

It was moved to draft bill language on "LEOFF 1 Benefit Cap" and "LEOFF 1 Ex-spouse Survivor Benefit" and schedule for the November 9<sup>th</sup> Executive Committee agenda. Seconded.

### MOTION CARRIED

Matt Smith, State Actuary, reviewed the issues for the November 9<sup>th</sup> agendas.

Senator Fraser announced the Executive Committee meeting times will be 8:30 - 9:30 AM and 1:00 - 3:30 PM.

The meeting adjourned at 3:25 PM.

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# Select Committee on Pension Policy

## **Purchasing Power Subgroup Report**

(October 25, 2004)

The Purchasing Power/Gain Sharing subgroup of the SCPP met in Senate Conference Room A-B-C, Olympia, Washington on October 19, 2004.

Subgroup members attending:

Senator Carlson Senator Fraser Representative Fromhold, Subgroup Chair Elaine Banks Lynn Maier Leslie Main

### **Meeting Summary**

Representative Fromhold, Subgroup Chair, called the meeting to order and asked staff to provide reports on the initial work plan.

### Initial Work Plan - Staff Reports

<u>Cost of Revisions to the \$1,000 Alternate Minimum Benefit:</u>

Matt Smith, State Actuary, provided an oral report on this agenda item. The estimated cost of revising the eligibility criteria for the \$1,000 alternate minimum benefit to 20 years of service and 25 years retired would increase the 2005-07 employer contribution rates by 0.01% in PERS and 0.02% in TRS. Employer contribution rates in the 2007-09 biennium would increase by .01% for both PERS and TRS. It is estimated that the expanded eligibility criteria would add 461 TRS 1 retirees and 694 PERS 1 retirees to the \$1,000 alternate minimum benefit (these counts are based on the population at 9/30/2003 and would decrease between that date and the effective date of the act).

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The increase in contribution rates is based on projected benefit payouts adjusted for survivorship. Estimated benefit payments, in total, would increase by \$1.3 million in 2005-07 for TRS 1 and \$2.3 million in PERS 1.

Representative Fromhold asked staff to provide handouts at the next subgroup meeting documenting the cost of the following items:

- Existing \$1,000 alternate minimum benefit and initial number of affected members
- Revised criteria (RPEC proposal) for \$1,000 alternate minimum benefit and initial number of affected members; and
- Indexed \$1,000 alternate minimum benefit under both existing and revised eligibility criteria.

### Retiree Health Care Proposals:

Bob Baker, Senior Research Analyst, reviewed the handout entitled "Retiree Health Care Proposals." Subgroup members and representatives from the HCA discussed the proposals outlined in the report and reviewed the fiscal note on HB 1505. The subgroup decided to defer consideration of a proposal to modify the explicit Medicare subsidy and focus their efforts on the remaining two proposals.

Representative Fromhold asked the representatives from the HCA to report back with information on the following items:

- Plan 3 experience and utilization of PEBB retiree health insurance after separation from service after age 55 with at least 10 years of service; and
- Specific proposals to mitigate potential "adverse selection" under a proposal to provide a one-time open enrollment period under the PEBB retiree health insurance program.

### Plan 1 vs. Plan 3 Gain-sharing Costs:

Marty McCaulay, Associate Actuary, reviewed the handout entitled "Plan 1 vs. Plan 3 Gain-sharing Costs."

### Gain-sharing Legal Questions:

Matt Smith provided an oral report summarizing information from an informal advice request he received from the Attorney General's Office on this subject. The oral report included the following summarized comments:

- There isn't a clear answer whether gain-sharing is a vested, contractual right. It might not be a vested, contractual right because of the reservation clause.
- If the court believes gain-sharing is a vested, contractual right, it is more likely than not that a court would find that the right has not been substantially impaired because members and beneficiaries were "put on notice" that the legislature may amend or repeal gain-sharing in the future (via the reservation clause).
- With regard to comparable benefits, if gain-sharing were repealed and replaced by another benefit, courts favor comparable benefits which are similar to the old benefit.
- Under the context of gain-sharing, it is reasonable to adjust the value of an uncertain and unpredictable benefit when determining the value of a comparable replacement which has little or no uncertainty.

Staff was requested to prepare a Plan 1 and Plan 3 benefit proposal that could replace the underlying gain-sharing benefits in each plan.

### **Next Meeting**

November 9, 2004, following the completion of the Executive Committee meeting.

# Select Committee on Pension Policy

### **Deferred Rate Increases**

(October 27, 2004)

#### **Issue**

The Pension Funding Council (PFC) subgroup of the SCPP proposed a 6-year phase-in of projected employer and plan 2 member contribution rates. Additionally, a permanent contribution rate floor would be established at the completion of the 6-year phase-in period.

### **Staff**

Matt Smith, State Actuary 360-753-9144

### **Members Impacted**

All employers and plan 2 members of the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) and the School Employees' Retirement System (SERS) would be impacted. As of September 30, 2003, there were 146,403 plan 2 members in PERS, TRS and SERS. Of this combined total, 117,262 are PERS Plan 2 members.

### **Current Situation**

Provisions governing the current contribution rate setting process are codified under the Actuarial Funding Chapter - Chapter 41.45 RCW. In summary, these provisions provide for the systematic actuarial funding of the state retirement systems. Biennial actuarial valuations performed on odd-year valuation dates are the basis for contribution rate recommendations to the Pension Funding Council (PFC). Contribution rates adopted by the PFC in September of even-numbered years, referred to as "basic rates," are effective during

the ensuing biennium subject to revision by the Legislature. Temporary and "supplemental rates" are charged in addition to the basic rates to fund the cost of benefit enhancements that are granted by the Legislature in between the 2-year basic rate cycles.

### History

The Pension Funding Reform Act, Chapter 273, Laws of 1989, established a systematic actuarial funding process for the state retirement systems. Contribution rates under the initial Funding Reform Act were scheduled to remain in place for a 6-year period. Additionally, the current funding policy was established including the goal to fully amortize the plan 1 unfunded liability by June 30, 2024. Prior to the Funding Reform Act, pension contributions were subject to a discretionary appropriation by the Legislature.

### **Projected Contribution Rates**

Projected Employer Contribution Rates\*

System	Current	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11
PERS	1.18%	5.73%	7.28%	8.44%
TRS	1.17%	6.74%	10.15%	12.73%
SERS	0.85%	7.56%	9.45%	10.69%

<sup>\*</sup> Includes the cost of prefunding the liability for existing gain-sharing benefit provisions.

### Projected Plan 2 Member Contribution Rates\*

System	Current	2005-07	2007-09	2009-11
PERS	1.18%	3.38%	4.27%	4.89%
TRS	0.87%	2.48%	4.01%	5.01%
SERS	0.85%	3.51%	4.68%	5.39%

<sup>\*</sup> The member contribution rate in PERS and TRS Plan 1 is fixed at 6%. Plan 3 members do not contribute to the defined benefit portion of their plan.

### **PFC Subgroup Proposal**

The PFC subgroup of the SCPP proposed a 6-year phase-in of projected employer and plan 2 member contribution rates. Additionally, a permanent contribution rate floor would be established at the completion of the 6-year phase-in period.

### Proposed Employer Rates Under 6-Year Phase-In

Employer Rates With Phase-In

Period	PERS	TRS	SERS
2005-06	4.25%	5.00%	6.00%
2006-07	5.25%	6.75%	7.00%
2007-08	6.25%	8.75%	8.50%
2008-09	7.25%	10.75%	10.00%
2009-11	8.44%	12.73%	10.69%
Ultimate Rate*	9.47%	14.59%	11.71%

<sup>\*</sup> The ultimate rate is the maximum projected employer contribution rate for the 25-year period.

**Employer Rates Without Phase-In** 

Period	PERS	TRS	SERS
2005-06	5.73%	6.74%	7.56%
2006-07	5.73%	6.74%	7.56%
2007-08	7.28%	10.15%	9.45%
2008-09	7.28%	10.15%	9.45%
2009-11	8.44%	12.73%	10.69%
Ultimate Rate*	9.11%	14.28%	11.37%

<sup>\*</sup> The ultimate rate is the maximum projected employer contribution rate for the 25-year period.

### Proposed Plan 2 Member Rates Under 6-Year Phase-In

Plan 2 Member Rates With Phase-In

Period	PERS	TRS	SERS
2005-06	2.75%	2.00%	2.75%
2006-07	3.25%	2.75%	3.25%
2007-08	3.75%	3.50%	4.25%
2008-09	4.25%	4.25%	5.25%
2009-11	4.89%	5.01%	5.39%
Ultimate Rate*	5.35%	5.61%	5.83%

<sup>\*</sup> The ultimate rate is the maximum projected member contribution rate for the 25-year period.

Plan 2 Member Rates Without Phase-In

Period	PERS	TRS	SERS
2005-06	3.38%	2.48%	3.51%
2006-07	3.38%	2.48%	3.51%
2007-08	4.27%	4.01%	4.68%
2008-09	4.27%	4.01%	4.68%
2009-11	4.89%	5.01%	5.39%
Ultimate Rate*	5.18%	5.53%	5.68%

<sup>\*</sup> The ultimate rate is the maximum projected member contribution rate for the 25-year period.

### **Policy Analysis**

The proposed phase-in of projected contribution rate increases would represent a temporary departure from existing funding policy and would require a statutory change to the existing funding policy defined under Chapter 41.45 RCW - Actuarial Funding of State Retirement Systems. Employer and plan 2 member contribution rates would drop below the amounts necessary to fully fund the plans 2/3 under the aggregate funding method during the phase-in period and then increase thereafter. Contributions to the amortize the unfunded prior service costs in PERS 1 and TRS 1 during the phase-in period would also drop below the amounts that would otherwise be required and increase thereafter. The amortization date for the Plans 1, however, would remain unchanged.

This proposal is consistent with the existing policy that states that employer contribution rates should be predictable and remain a relatively constant proportion of future state budgets. This proposal would establish a fixed schedule of increasing contribution rates for a 6-year period, thereby increasing predictability, and would smooth out the impact of projected rate increases on future state and local government budgets. The addition of a permanent contribution rate floor at the completion of the phase-in period is also consistent with this policy – increasing the stability and predictability of future contribution rates.

This proposal is inconsistent with the existing policy to fund all Plan 2/3 benefits over the working lives of those members so that the cost of those benefits are paid by the taxpayers who receive the benefit of those members' service, and would be a first-time departure from this policy. The proposal would effectively borrow plan assets in the short-term as a means of financing a schedule of deferred rate increases during the phase-in period - without permanently modifying existing funding policy. This would result in short-term savings, followed by a long-term cost.

### **Estimated Fiscal Impact**

Increase in Projected Funding Expenditures

			No	n GF-S		Local		Total
(\$ in millions)		GF-S	(State)		Government		Employer	
2005-07								
PERS	\$	(35.8)	\$	(59.0)	\$	(84.0)	\$	(178.8)
TRS		(66.4)		0.0		(13.6)		(80.0)
SERS		(18.4)		0.0		(16.3)		(34.7)
Total Employer	\$	(120.6)	\$	(59.0)	\$	(113.9)	\$	(293.5)
2007-09								
PERS	\$	(19.6)	\$	(32.4)	\$	(46.1)	\$	(98.1)
TRS		(36.5)		0.0		(7.5)		(44.0)
SERS		(3.2)		0.0		(2.9)		(6.1)
Total Employer	\$	(59.3)	\$	(32.4)	\$	(56.5)	\$	(148.2)

(\$ in millions)		GF-S		on GF-S State)	Go	Local vernment		Total nployer
2009-11*		<u> </u>						<u></u>
PERS	\$	0.0	\$	0.0	\$	0.0	\$	0.0
TRS	Ψ	(4.0)	*	0.0	Ψ	(0.8)	Ψ	(4.8)
SERS		(0.5)		0.0		(0.4)		(0.9)
Total Employer	\$	(4.5)	\$	0.0	\$	(1.2)	\$	(5.7)
25 Year								
PERS	\$	73.1	\$	120.7	\$	171.9	\$	365.7
TRS		143.0		0.0		29.3		172.3
SERS		35.2		0.0		31.2		66.4
Total Employer	\$	251.3	\$	120.7	\$	232.4	\$	604.3

<sup>\*2007-09</sup> rate increases for TRS and SERS are effective 9/1/2007 through 8/31/2009.

The proposed schedule of future rate increases should be adjusted for any significant divergence between actual and assumed experience - including the cost of any future benefit enhancements.

The estimated fiscal impact is based on the proposed schedule of rate increases presented in this paper. Costs were developed using the same membership data, methods, assets and assumptions as those used in preparing the September 30, 2002 actuarial valuation report and using preliminary contribution rates from the 2003 actuarial valuation. The cost of adding a permanent contribution rate floor is not reflected.

The proposed schedule of future rate increases was developed under an actuarial projection of assets and liabilities. The emerging costs of the affected systems will vary from what is displayed in this paper to the extent that actual experience differs from that projected under the current actuarial assumptions.

This proposal assumes a fixed schedule of increasing contribution rates and a permanent contribution rate floor at the completion of the phase-in period. However a current Legislature cannot obligate a future Legislature for contribution rate increases that would impact a future biennial budget. The proposed schedule of future contribution rate increases, if approved by the 2005 Legislature, could be amended by a future Legislature. If the minimum funding requirements set forth in the schedule were not honored by future Legislatures, the costs in the tables above could be understated.

### **Revised Proposal**

The PFC subgroup directed the State Actuary to revise the original proposal to address the following concerns:

- The increases in the ultimate employer and member contribution rates by deferring contribution rate increases beyond the phase-in period; and
- The insufficient deferral of rate increases during the first year of the schedule for local government employers under PERS.

The revised proposal eliminates the increases in the ultimate employer and member rates by not deferring rate increases beyond the 4-year phase-in period. In other words, on a present value basis, the deferral of rate increases during the first biennium is offset by rate increases during the second biennium.

Additionally, the revised proposal provides a significant deferral of contribution rate increases for PERS employers and Plan 2 members during the first year of the proposed schedule. However, this significant deferral in year one is followed by significant increases during the third and fourth year of the schedule.

### Proposed Employer Rates Under 4-Year Phase-In

Employer Rates With Phase-In

Period	PERS	TRS	SERS
2005-06	2.50%	5.46%	4.70%
2006-07	5.50%	7.21%	7.45%
2007-08	8.25%	9.57%	10.01%
2008-09	9.96%	11.62%	12.03%
2009-11	8.44%	12.73%	10.69%
Ultimate Rate*	9.11%	14.28%	11.37%

<sup>\*</sup> The ultimate rate is the maximum projected employer contribution rate for the 25-year period.

**Employer Rates Without Phase-In** 

Period	PERS	TRS	SERS
2005-06	5.73%	6.74%	7.56%
2006-07	5.73%	6.74%	7.56%
2007-08	7.28%	10.15%	9.45%
2008-09	7.28%	10.15%	9.45%
2009-11	8.44%	12.73%	10.69%
Ultimate Rate*	9.11%	14.28%	11.37%

<sup>\*</sup> The ultimate rate is the maximum projected employer contribution rate for the 25-year period.

### Proposed Plan 2 Member Rates Under 4-Year Phase-In

Plan 2 Member Rates With Phase-In

Period	PERS	TRS	SERS
reriod	PERS	671	SEKS
2005-06	1.75%	1.75%	2.25%
2006-07	3.25%	2.75%	3.50%
2007-08	4.75%	3.75%	4.75%
2008-09	5.64%	4.77%	5.95%
2009-11	4.89%	5.01%	5.38%
Ultimate Rate*	5.18%	5.53%	5.68%

<sup>\*</sup> The ultimate rate is the maximum projected member contribution rate for the 25-year period.

Plan 2 Member Rates Without Phase-In

Period	PERS	TRS	SERS
2005-06	3.38%	2.48%	3.51%
2006-07	3.38%	2.48%	3.51%
2007-08	4.27%	4.01%	4.68%
2008-09	4.27%	4.01%	4.68%
2009-11	4.89%	5.01%	5.38%
Ultimate Rate*	5.18%	5.53%	5.68%

<sup>\*</sup> The ultimate rate is the maximum projected member contribution rate for the 25-year period.

### **Estimated Fiscal Impact - Revised Proposal**

Increase in Projected Funding Expenditures

		No	n GF-S		Local		Total
(\$ in millions)	GF-S	(	State)	Go	vernment	E	mployer
2005-07							
PERS	\$ (55.9)	\$	(92.3)	\$	(131.5)	\$	(279.7)
TRS	(29.4)		0.0		(6.0)		(35.4)
SERS	(23.5)		0.0		(20.8)		(44.3)
Total Employer	\$ (108.8)	\$	(92.3)	\$	(158.3)	\$	(359.4)
2007-09							
PERS	\$ 68.6	\$	113.2	\$	161.3	\$	343.1
TRS	27.6		0.0		5.7		33.3
SERS	24.3		0.0		21.5		45.8
Total Employer	\$ 120.5	\$	113.2	\$	188.5	\$	422.2
2009-11*							
PERS	\$ 0.0	\$	0.0	\$	0.0	\$	0.0
TRS	11.5		0.0		2.3		13.8
SERS	4.9		0.0		4.3		9.2
Total Employer	\$ 16.4	\$	0.0	\$	6.6	\$	23.0
25 Year							
PERS	\$ 12.7	\$	20.9	\$	29.8	\$	63.4
TRS	9.8		0.0		2.0		11.8
SERS	5.6		0.0		5.0		10.6
Total Employer	\$ 28.1	\$	20.9	\$	36.8	\$	85.8

<sup>\*2007-09</sup> rate increases for TRS and SERS are effective 9/1/2007 through 8/31/2009.

### **Contribution Rate Floor**

The PFC subgroup recommended the adoption of a permanent contribution rate floor at the completion of any phase-in period. The following proposed contribution rate floor is consistent with, and could serve as an alternative to, the recommendation provided under the previous committee issue paper "Contribution Rate Setting - July 2, 2004." The minimum Plan 2/3 normal cost rate would apply equally to both employers and Plan 2 employees, and once the Plan 1 UAAL is completely amortized, the Plan 2/3 normal cost would become the minimum contribution rate for employers as well.

Minimum Contribution Rates after June 30, 2009

System	Plan 2/3 Normal Cost	Plan 1 UAAL	Total Employer
PERS	4.00%	2.75%	6.75%
TRS	5.00%	5.75%	10.75%
SERS	4.25%	2.75%*	7.00%

<sup>\*</sup> Contribution to the PERS 1 unfunded liability.

### **Executive Committee Recommendation**

Staff was directed to prepare bill language for the November Executive Committee meeting and prepare additional fiscal analysis for the December meeting.

### Bill (Draft)

Attached

AN ACT Relating to contribution rates for the public employees' 1 the teachers' retirement 2 retirement system, system, the 3 retirement system, and the public safety employees' employees' adding new sections to chapter 41.45 RCW; 4 retirement system; decodifying RCW 41.45.054; providing effective dates; and declaring an 5 6 emergency.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 41.45 RCW 9 to read as follows:

The basic employer and state contribution rates and required plan 2 member contribution rates are changed to reflect the 2003 actuarial valuation and actuarial projections of the 2005 actuarial valuation, both of which incorporate the 2002 actuarial experience study conducted by the office of the state actuary for 1995-2000. This contribution rate schedule departs from the normal biennial process for setting contribution rates by requiring four annual increases in rates. The rates are lower in the first two years than required by the 2003 actuarial valuation and higher in the second two years than required by the projected 2005 actuarial valuation. Upon completion of the 2005

actuarial valuation, the pension funding council and the state actuary shall review the appropriateness of the contribution rates for 2007-2008 and 2008-2009 and by September 30, 2006, the pension funding council shall recommend to the legislature any adjustments as may be needed due to material changes in benefits or actuarial assumptions, methods, or experience. This contribution rate schedule also requires a departure from the allocation formula for contributions in RCW 41.45.050.

- (1) Beginning July 1, 2005, the following employer contribution rate shall be charged: 2.50 percent for the public employees' retirement system, of which .50 percent shall be allocated to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability for the public employees' retirement system plan 1.
- (2) Beginning September 1, 2005, the following employer contribution rates shall be charged:
- (a) 4.70 percent for the school employees' retirement system, of which .50 percent shall be allocated to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability for the public employees' retirement system plan 1; and
- (b) 5.46 percent for the teachers' retirement system, of which 2.25 percent shall be allocated to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability for the teachers' retirement system plan 1.
- (3) Beginning July 1, 2005, the following member contribution rate shall be charged: 1.75 percent for the public employees' retirement system plan 2.
- (4) Beginning September 1, 2005, the following member contribution rates shall be charged:
- 27 (a) 2.25 percent for the school employees' retirement system plan 28 2; and
  - (b) 1.75 percent for the teachers' retirement system plan 2.
  - (5) The contribution rates in subsections (1) through (4) of this section shall be collected through June 30, 2006, for the public employees' retirement system, and August 31, 2006, for the school employees' retirement system and the teachers' retirement system.
  - (6) Beginning July 1, 2006, the following employer contribution rate shall be charged: 5.50 percent for the public employees' retirement system, of which 2.00 percent shall be allocated to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability for the public employees' retirement system plan 1.

(7) Beginning September 1, 2006, the following employer contribution rates shall be charged:

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- (a) 7.45 percent for the school employees' retirement system, of which 2.00 percent shall be allocated to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability for the public employees' retirement system plan 1; and
- (b) 7.21 percent for the teachers' retirement system, of which 3.00 percent shall be allocated to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability for the teachers' retirement system plan 1.
- (8) Beginning July 1, 2006, the following member contribution rate shall be charged: 3.25 percent for the public employees' retirement system plan 2.
- (9) Beginning September 1, 2006, the following member contribution rates shall be charged:
- 14 (a) 3.50 percent for the school employees' retirement system plan 15 2; and
  - (b) 2.75 percent for the teachers' retirement system plan 2.
  - (10) The contribution rates in subsections (6) through (9) of this section shall be collected through June 30, 2007, for the public employees' retirement system, and August 31, 2007, for the school employees' retirement system and the teachers' retirement system.
  - (11) Beginning July 1, 2007, the following employer contribution rate shall be charged: 8.25 percent for the public employees' retirement system, of which 3.25 percent shall be allocated to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the public employees' retirement system plan 1.
  - (12) Beginning September 1, 2007, the following employer contribution rates shall be charged:
  - (a) 10.01 percent for the school employees' retirement system, of which 3.25 percent shall be allocated to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the public employees' retirement system plan 1; and
  - (b) 9.57 percent for the teachers' retirement system, of which 4.45 percent shall be allocated to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the teachers' retirement system plan 1.
  - (13) Beginning July 1, 2007, the following member contribution rate shall be charged: 4.75 percent for the public employees' retirement system plan 2.
- 37 (14) Beginning September 1, 2007, the following member contribution 38 rates shall be charged:

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- 1 (a) 4.75 percent for the school employees' retirement system plan 2; and
  - (b) 3.75 percent for the teachers' retirement system plan 2.

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- (15) The contribution rates in subsections (11) through (14) of this section shall be collected through June 30, 2008, for the public employees' retirement system, and August 31, 2008, for the school employees' retirement system and the teachers' retirement system.
  - (16) Beginning July 1, 2008, the following employer contribution rate shall be charged: 9.96 percent for the public employees' retirement system, of which 4.07 percent shall be allocated to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the public employees' retirement system plan 1.
- 13 (17) Beginning September 1, 2008, the following employer 14 contribution rates shall be charged:
  - (a) 12.03 percent for the school employees' retirement system, of which 4.07 percent shall be allocated to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the public employees' retirement system plan 1; and
- 18 (b) 11.62 percent for the teachers' retirement system, of which 19 5.48 percent shall be allocated to the unfunded actuarial accrued 20 liability of the teachers' retirement system plan 1.
- (18) Beginning July 1, 2008, the following member contribution rate shall be charged: 5.64 percent for the public employees' retirement system plan 2.
- 24 (19) Beginning September 1, 2008, the following member contribution 25 rates shall be charged:
- 26 (a) 5.95 percent for the school employees' retirement system plan 27 2; and
  - (b) 4.77 percent for the teachers' retirement system plan 2.
- (20) The contribution rates in subsections (16) through (19) of this section shall be collected through June 30, 2009, for the public employees' retirement system, and August 31, 2009, for the school employees' retirement system and the teachers' retirement system.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 41.45 RCW to read as follows:
- Beginning July 1, 2009, for the public employees' retirement system and the public safety employees' retirement system, and September 1, 2009, for the school employees' retirement system and the teachers'

retirement system, minimum basic employer and state contribution rates and minimum required plan 2 member contribution rates are established. 2 In establishing these minimum rates, it is the intent of 3 legislature to promote contribution rate stability over time. 4 basic employer and state contribution rates and required plan 2 member 5 contribution rates as recommended by the pension funding council and 6 adopted by the legislature may exceed, but shall not drop below, these 7 minimum rates. Upon completion of each biennial actuarial valuation, 8 the pension funding council and the state actuary shall review the 9 appropriateness of the minimum contribution rates and the pension 10 funding council shall recommend to the legislature any adjustments as 11 may be needed due to material changes in benefits or actuarial 12

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- (1) Beginning July 1, 2009, the following minimum employer contribution rate shall be charged: 4.00 percent for the public employees' retirement system.
- (2) Beginning September 1, 2009, the following minimum employer contribution rates shall be charged:
  - (a) 4.25 percent for the school employees' retirement system; and
  - (b) 5.00 percent for the teachers' retirement system.

assumptions, methods, or experience.

- (3) Beginning July 1, 2009, the following minimum member contribution rate shall be charged: 4.00 percent for the public employees' retirement system plan 2.
- (4) Beginning September 1, 2009, the following minimum member contribution rates shall be charged:
- 26 (a) 4.25 percent for the school employees' retirement system plan 27 2; and
  - (b) 5.00 percent for the teachers' retirement system plan 2.
  - (5) Beginning July 1, 2009, an additional minimum 2.75 percent is added to the minimum employer contribution rate of 4.00 percent for the public employees' retirement system until the actuarial value of assets equals one hundred twenty-five percent of the actuarial accrued liability for the public employees' retirement system plan 1 or June 30, 2024, whichever comes first.
  - (6) Beginning July 1, 2009, an additional minimum 2.75 percent is added to the basic employer contribution rate for the public safety employees' retirement system until the actuarial value of public employees' retirement system plan 1 assets equals one hundred

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- twenty-five percent of the actuarial accrued liability for the public employees' retirement system plan 1 or June 30, 2024, whichever comes first.
- (7) Beginning September 1, 2009, an additional minimum 2.75 percent is added to the minimum employer contribution rate of 4.25 percent for the school employees' retirement system until the actuarial value of public employees' retirement system plan 1 assets equals one hundred twenty-five percent of the actuarial accrued liability for the public employees' retirement system plan 1 or June 30, 2024, whichever comes first.
- 11 (8) Beginning September 1, 2009, an additional 5.75 percent is 12 added to the minimum employer contribution rate of 5.00 percent for the 13 teachers' retirement system until the actuarial value of assets equals 14 one hundred twenty-five percent of the actuarial accrued liability for 15 the teachers' retirement system plan 1 or June 30, 2024, whichever 16 comes first.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. RCW 41.45.054 is decodified, effective September 1, 2005.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. Section 1 of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 2005.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Section 2 of this act takes effect July 1, 24 2009.

--- END ---

AN ACT Relating to removing the cap on retirement benefits of members of the law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' retirement system plan 1; and amending RCW 41.26.100.

### 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

**Sec. 1.** RCW 41.26.100 and 1991 c 343 s 16 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

A member upon retirement for service shall receive a monthly retirement allowance computed according to his or her completed creditable service credit years of service as follows: Five years but under ten years, one-twelfth of one percent of his or her final average salary for each month of service; ten years but under twenty years, one-twelfth of one and one-half percent of his or her final average salary for each month of service; and twenty years and over one-twelfth of two percent of his or her final average salary for each month of service: PROVIDED, That the recipient of a retirement allowance who shall return to service as a law enforcement officer or fire fighter shall be considered to have terminated his or her retirement status and he or she shall immediately become a member of the retirement system with the status of membership he or she had as of the date of

retirement. Retirement benefits shall be suspended during the period of his or her return to service and he or she shall make contributions and receive service credit. Such a member shall have the right to again retire at any time and his or her retirement allowance shall be recomputed, and paid, based upon additional service rendered and any change in final average salary((: PROVIDED FURTHER, That no retirement allowance paid pursuant to this section shall exceed sixty percent of final average salary, except as such allowance may be increased by virtue of RCW 41.26.240, as now or hereafter amended)).

--- END ---

# Select Committee on Pension Policy

### LEOFF 1 Ex-spouse Survivor Benefits

(October 27, 2004)

Issue

Benefits to many ex-spouses of LEOFF 1 members may cease after the member's death.

**Staff** 

Robert Wm. Baker, Senior Research Analyst (360) 586-9237

**Members Impacted** 

As of the 2003 valuation, there were 991 active members, 6,870 retirees, and 1,184 survivors in LEOFF 1. Ex-spouses who may be pre-deceased or have been pre-deceased by members would be impacted, however that number is unknown; there is no administrative data source that tracks ex-spouses.

### **Current Situation**

Under the most recent legislation, ex-spouses of LEOFF 1 members may qualify for survivor benefits if they divorced prior to the member's separation from service and entered into a court order or court approved property settlement after July 1, 2003. In such an instance, the exspouse may be awarded a portion of the member's benefit and survivor benefit if that benefit is so designated in the order or settlement.

Earlier provisions in LEOFF 1 required exspouses to meet stringent criteria to be eligible for survivor benefits. Prior to 1980, ex-spouses could only qualify if they had been married to the member for 30 years, 20 of which were before the member retired. More recently, an exspouse could qualify for survivor benefits if the

member had 30 years of service and they had been married at least 25 years. Outside of those parameters, the benefit for a spouse who divorced and entered into a property settlement prior to July 1, 2003 will cease upon the death of the member.

### **Policy Analysis**

The recent expansion of benefits in LEOFF 1 allowing ex-spouses to receive survivor benefits established new policy in this area. Earlier retroactive remedies for ex-spouse survivor benefits were narrowly constructed, and benefitted very few individuals. As a result, earlier policies and statutes that govern the benefits of members who divorced and entered into a property settlement before July 1, 2003 are in conflict with the more current policy. Adding to the complexity of the issue is the difficulty of retroactively modifying court-approved property settlements, particularly after the death of one of the principals.

### Fiscal Impact

Any retroactive remedy that resumes an allowance that had been stopped would be a cost to the plan. No cost estimate is available at this time.

### Stakeholder Input

Senator Bob Morton 7<sup>th</sup> Legislative District See attached correspondence



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Office of

The State Actuary
District Office: 3278 Pierre Lake Road

Kettle Falls, WA 99141

Phone: (509) 684-5132

115D Irv Newhouse Building PO Box 40407 Olympia, WA 98504-0407

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### **Washington State Senate**

**Senator Bob Morton** 7th Legislative District

May 19, 2004

Dear Members of the Select Committee on Pension Policy:

During this past session, I was contacted by a former constituent, Sandra White, who is in dire financial circumstances because of the application of a survivor benefit statute. I would like to request that the Select Committee on Pension Policy ("SCPP") consider legislation that would remedy Ms. White's unfortunate plight.

Enclosed is Ms. White's correspondence, and following is a summary of her issue in the hope that the SCPP will find this useful in its consideration of this matter:

### Issue

Ms. White was married to a LEOFF 1 member for 41 years. They divorced in 2000, some four years after he retired. The court order entitled her to half of his retirement benefit. Mr. White died one month after the divorce, thereby terminating Ms. White's retirement allowance. As a homemaker for all the years of their marriage, Ms. White has little money now.

### 2002 Legislative Change: Survivor Benefit for Ex-Spouses of LEOFF 1 Members

In the 2002 session, the legislature passed ESB 6380 which, among other things, granted a survivor benefit to ex-spouses of LEOFF 1 members, provided certain criteria were met.

The criteria included: (a) the member must have had 30 years of service, (b) the parties must have been married at least 25 years, and (c) the parties must have entered into a court-approved property settlement agreement awarding a portion of the member's benefits to the ex-spouse after June 13, 2002.

Under the bill as passed, Ms. White did not qualify for a survivor benefit. Her husband had 29 years & 10 months of service, not 30 years. And the court order entitling her to half of his retirement was entered in 2000, not after June 13, 2002.

### Options to Solve Ms. White's Situation

There are several ways in which Ms. White's situation could be remedied and a survivor benefit could be obtained. Most notably, SB 6380 as it passed the Senate in 2002 would have solved Ms. White's problem, as it did not have the thirty year member requirement nor the time restriction on when the court order was entered into. Had that version not been subsequently amended, Ms. White would be receiving benefits now. I would ask the committee to consider this, or another alternative, as a solution to Ms. White's problem.

Thank you for your consideration.

Cordially yours,

**BOB MORTON** 

State Senator

Enclosure

cc: Matthew Smith



#### STATE OF WASHINGTON

### DEPARTMENT OF RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

PO Box 48380 • Olympia WA 98504-8380 • (360) 664-7000 • Toll Free 1-800-547-6657

October 28, 2004

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The Honorable Karen Fraser, Chair The Honorable Steve Conway, Vice-Chair Select Committee on Pension Policy Post Office Box 40914 Olympia, Washington 98504-0914

OCT 2 8 2004

Office of The State Actuary

Dear Senator Fraser and Representative Conway:

Subject: Purchase of Interruptive Military Service Credit

At the October 19, 2004 Select Committee on Pension Policy (SCPP) meeting, the Department of Retirement Systems (DRS) was asked to provide input on the proposal to allow the purchase of retirement service credit for service men and women on interruptive military leave. DRS supports the death and disability provisions of the proposal, but has concerns about the third provision which would allow employers to report as earnable compensation any offset salary being paid to the employee.

Current Federal and State law on interruptive military service is consistent in two areas:

- It requires that service be designated as honorable.
- It requires the employee to return to covered service if he or she is able.

The death and disability proposals also require the military service to be deemed as honorable. If however, employers are allowed to report a salary offset to DRS (the third provision), a situation exists where the member may earn partial or total service credit for periods where the nature of the military service could be dishonorable, and where a return to employment is not required or does not occur. This creates an inequity in the treatment of those members not receiving the pay offset who must serve honorably and return to covered employment in order to purchase their missing service.

As I mentioned at the October 19<sup>th</sup> meeting, the current process for purchasing service for interruptive leave is both easy and efficient. With an average cost of approximately \$1,700 for nine months of service credit, a member can initiate the purchase with a simple phone call and can take up to five years to pay with no interest. Members may pay in installments or with a lump sum at anytime during the five years. This same process would be utilized to implement the death and disability proposals. While reporting an offset salary creates no additional cost by itself, there would be increased administrative cost if DRS is required to begin tracking offset pay and related service credit.

Senator Karen Fraser Representative Steve Conway October 28, 2004 Page 2

As noted above, the death and disability proposals are in alignment with Federal and State law and the existing policy and process for purchasing interruptive military service. However, allowing service to be earned due to reporting offset pay goes beyond the current policy and creates inequity in the treatment of members. Based on this information I encourage the removal of the reporting of offset salary from the proposal.

Please contact me at 664-7312 if you would like to discuss this issue.

Sincerely,

John F. Charles

Director

AN ACT Relating to interruptive military service credit within the public employees' retirement system, the school employees' retirement system, the teachers' retirement system, the law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' retirement system plan 2, the Washington state patrol retirement system, and the public safety employees' retirement system; amending RCW 41.40.170, 41.40.710, 41.40.805, 41.35.470, 41.35.650, 41.32.260, 41.32.810, 41.32.865, 41.26.520, 43.43.260, and 41.37.260; and providing an effective date.

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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- 10 **Sec. 1.** RCW 41.40.170 and 2002 c 27 s 2 are each amended to read 11 as follows:
- 12 (1) A member who has served or shall serve on active federal 13 service in the military or naval forces of the United States and who 14 left or shall leave an employer to enter such service shall be deemed 15 to be on military leave of absence if he or she has resumed or shall 16 resume employment as an employee within one year from termination 17 thereof.
- 18 (2) If he or she has applied or shall apply for reinstatement of employment, within one year from termination of the military service,

and is refused employment for reasons beyond his or her control, he or she shall, upon resumption of service within ten years have such service credited to him or her.

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- (3) In any event, after completing twenty-five years of creditable service, any member may have service in the armed forces credited to him or her as a member whether or not he or she left the employ of an employer to enter the armed service: PROVIDED, That in no instance, described in this section, shall military service in excess of five years be credited: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That in each instance the member must restore all withdrawn accumulated contributions, which restoration must be completed within five years of membership service following the first resumption of employment or complete twenty-five years of creditable service: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That this section will not apply to any individual, not a veteran within the meaning of RCW 41.04.005.
- (4) The surviving spouse or eligible child or children of a member who left the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and died while serving in the uniformed services may, on behalf of the deceased member, apply for retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of the member's death in the uniformed services. The department shall establish the deceased member's service credit if the surviving spouse or eligible child or children:
- (a) Provides to the director proof of the member's death while serving in the uniformed services; and
- (b) Provides to the director proof of the member's honorable service in the uniformed services prior to the date of death.
- (5) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and becomes totally incapacitated for continued employment by an employer while serving in the uniformed services is entitled to retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of discharge from the uniformed services if:
- (a) The member obtains a determination from the director that he or she is totally incapacitated for continued employment due to conditions or events that occurred while serving in the uniformed services; and
- 37 <u>(b) The member provides to the director proof of honorable</u> 38 discharge from the uniformed services.

Sec. 2. RCW 41.40.710 and 2000 c 247 s 1106 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) A member who is on a paid leave of absence authorized by a member's employer shall continue to receive service credit as provided for under the provisions of RCW 41.40.610 through 41.40.740.
- (2) A member who receives compensation from an employer while on an authorized leave of absence to serve as an elected official of a labor organization, and whose employer is reimbursed by the labor organization for the compensation paid to the member during the period of absence, may also be considered to be on a paid leave of absence. This subsection shall only apply if the member's leave of absence is authorized by a collective bargaining agreement that provides that the member retains seniority rights with the employer during the period of leave. The compensation earnable reported for a member who establishes service credit under this subsection may not be greater than the salary paid to the highest paid job class covered by the collective bargaining agreement.
- (3) Except as specified in subsection (4) of this section, a member shall be eligible to receive a maximum of two years service credit during a member's entire working career for those periods when a member is on an unpaid leave of absence authorized by an employer. Such credit may be obtained only if:
- (a) The member makes both the plan 2 employer and member contributions plus interest as determined by the department for the period of the authorized leave of absence within five years of resumption of service or prior to retirement whichever comes sooner; or
- (b) If not within five years of resumption of service but prior to retirement, pay the amount required under RCW 41.50.165(2).

The contributions required under (a) of this subsection shall be based on the average of the member's compensation earnable at both the time the authorized leave of absence was granted and the time the member resumed employment.

(4) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the ((armed forces)) uniformed services of the United States shall be entitled to retirement system service credit for up to five years of military service. This subsection shall be administered in a manner consistent with the requirements of the federal uniformed services employment and reemployment rights act.

1 (a) The member qualifies for service credit under this subsection 2 if:

- (i) Within ninety days of the member's honorable discharge from the uniformed services of the United States ((armed forces)), the member applies for reemployment with the employer who employed the member immediately prior to the member entering the ((United States armed forces)) uniformed services; and
- (ii) The member makes the employee contributions required under RCW 41.45.061 and 41.45.067 within five years of resumption of service or prior to retirement, whichever comes sooner; or
- (iii) Prior to retirement and not within ninety days of the member's honorable discharge or five years of resumption of service the member pays the amount required under RCW 41.50.165(2).
- (b) Upon receipt of member contributions under (a) (ii), (d) (iii), or (e) (iii) of this subsection, the department shall establish the member's service credit and shall bill the employer for its contribution required under RCW 41.45.060, 41.45.061, and 41.45.067 for the period of military service, plus interest as determined by the department.
- (c) The contributions required under (a) (ii), (d) (iii), or (e) (iii) of this subsection shall be based on the compensation the member would have earned if not on leave, or if that cannot be estimated with reasonable certainty, the compensation reported for the member in the year prior to when the member went on military leave.
- (d) The surviving spouse or eligible child or children of a member who left the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and died while serving in the uniformed services may, on behalf of the deceased member, apply for retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of the member's death in the uniformed services. The department shall establish the deceased member's service credit if the surviving spouse or eligible child or children:
- (i) Provides to the director proof of the member's death while
  34 serving in the uniformed services;
- 35 <u>(ii) Provides to the director proof of the member's honorable</u> 36 service in the uniformed services prior to the date of death; and
- 37 (iii) Pays the employee contributions required under chapter 41.45

RCW within five years of the date of death or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.

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- (e) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and becomes totally incapacitated for continued employment by an employer while serving in the uniformed services is entitled to retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of discharge from the uniformed services if:
- (i) The member obtains a determination from the director that he or she is totally incapacitated for continued employment due to conditions or events that occurred while serving in the uniformed services;
- 12 <u>(ii) The member provides to the director proof of honorable</u>
  13 discharge from the uniformed services; and
- (iii) The member pays the employee contributions required under chapter 41.45 RCW within five years of the director's determination of total disability or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.
- 18 **Sec. 3.** RCW 41.40.805 and 2000 c 247 s 306 are each amended to 19 read as follows:
- 20 (1) A member who is on a paid leave of absence authorized by a 21 member's employer shall continue to receive service credit.
  - (2) A member who receives compensation from an employer while on an authorized leave of absence to serve as an elected official of a labor employer is reimbursed organization, and whose by the labor organization for the compensation paid to the member during the period of absence, may also be considered to be on a paid leave of absence. This subsection shall only apply if the member's leave of absence is authorized by a collective bargaining agreement that provides that the member retains seniority rights with the employer during the period of leave. The earnable compensation reported for a member who establishes service credit under this subsection may not be greater than the salary paid to the highest paid job class covered by the collective bargaining agreement.
  - (3) Except as specified in subsection (4) of this section, a member shall be eligible to receive a maximum of two years service credit during a member's entire working career for those periods when a member

is on an unpaid leave of absence authorized by an employer. Such credit may be obtained only if:

- (a) The member makes the contribution on behalf of the employer, plus interest, as determined by the department; and
- (b) The member makes the employee contribution, plus interest, as determined by the department, to the defined contribution portion.

The contributions required shall be based on the average of the member's earnable compensation at both the time the authorized leave of absence was granted and the time the member resumed employment.

(4) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the ((armed-forces)) uniformed services of the United States shall be entitled to retirement system service credit for up to five years of military service if within ninety days of the member's honorable discharge from the uniformed services of the United States ((armed forces)), the member applies for reemployment with the employer who employed the member immediately prior to the member entering the ((United States armed forces)) uniformed services. This subsection shall be administered in a manner consistent with the requirements of the federal uniformed services employment and reemployment rights act.

The department shall establish the member's service credit and shall bill the employer for its contribution required under RCW 41.45.060 and 41.45.067 for the period of military service, plus interest as determined by the department. Service credit under this subsection may be obtained only if the member makes the employee contribution to the defined contribution portion as determined by the department.

The contributions required shall be based on the compensation the member would have earned if not on leave, or if that cannot be estimated with reasonable certainty, the compensation reported for the member in the year prior to when the member went on military leave.

(a) The surviving spouse or eliqible child or children of a member who left the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and died while serving in the uniformed services may, on behalf of the deceased member, apply for retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of the member's death in the uniformed services. The department shall establish the deceased member's service credit if the surviving spouse or eliqible child or children:

(i) Provides to the director proof of the member's death while serving in the uniformed services;

- (ii) Provides to the director proof of the member's honorable service in the uniformed services prior to the date of death; and
- 5 <u>(iii) Pays the employee contributions required under this</u>
  6 <u>subsection within five years of the date of death or prior to the</u>
  7 distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.
  - (b) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and becomes totally incapacitated for continued employment by an employer while serving in the uniformed services is entitled to retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of discharge from the uniformed services if:
- (i) The member obtains a determination from the director that he or she is totally incapacitated for continued employment due to conditions or events that occurred while serving in the uniformed services;
- 17 <u>(ii) The member provides to the director proof of honorable</u>
  18 <u>discharge from the uniformed services; and</u>
- (iii) The member pays the employee contributions required under this subsection within five years of the director's determination of total disability or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.
  - Sec. 4. RCW 41.35.470 and 1998 c 341 s 108 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) A member who is on a paid leave of absence authorized by a member's employer shall continue to receive service credit as provided for under the provisions of RCW 41.35.400 through 41.35.599.
  - (2) A member who receives compensation from an employer while on an authorized leave of absence to serve as an elected official of a labor organization, and whose employer is reimbursed by the labor organization for the compensation paid to the member during the period of absence, may also be considered to be on a paid leave of absence. This subsection shall only apply if the member's leave of absence is authorized by a collective bargaining agreement that provides that the member retains seniority rights with the employer during the period of leave. The compensation earnable reported for a member who establishes

- service credit under this subsection may not be greater than the salary paid to the highest paid job class covered by the collective bargaining agreement.
  - (3) Except as specified in subsection (4) of this section, a member shall be eligible to receive a maximum of two years service credit during a member's entire working career for those periods when a member is on an unpaid leave of absence authorized by an employer. Such credit may be obtained only if:
  - (a) The member makes both the plan 2 employer and member contributions plus interest as determined by the department for the period of the authorized leave of absence within five years of resumption of service or prior to retirement whichever comes sooner; or
  - (b) If not within five years of resumption of service but prior to retirement, pay the amount required under RCW 41.50.165(2).

The contributions required under (a) of this subsection shall be based on the average of the member's compensation earnable at both the time the authorized leave of absence was granted and the time the member resumed employment.

- (4) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the ((armed forces)) uniformed services of the United States shall be entitled to retirement system service credit for up to five years of military service. This subsection shall be administered in a manner consistent with the requirements of the federal uniformed services employment and reemployment rights act.
- (a) The member qualifies for service credit under this subsection if:
- (i) Within ninety days of the member's honorable discharge from the uniformed services of the United States ((armed forces)), the member applies for reemployment with the employer who employed the member immediately prior to the member entering the ((United States armed forces)) uniformed services; and
- (ii) The member makes the employee contributions required under RCW 41.35.430 within five years of resumption of service or prior to retirement, whichever comes sooner; or
- (iii) Prior to retirement and not within ninety days of the member's honorable discharge or five years of resumption of service the member pays the amount required under RCW 41.50.165(2).

(b) Upon receipt of member contributions under (a) (ii), (d) (iii), or (e) (iii) of this subsection, the department shall establish the member's service credit and shall bill the employer for its contribution required under RCW 41.35.430 for the period of military service, plus interest as determined by the department.

- (c) The contributions required under (a) (ii), (d) (iii), or (e) (iii) of this subsection shall be based on the compensation the member would have earned if not on leave, or if that cannot be estimated with reasonable certainty, the compensation reported for the member in the year prior to when the member went on military leave.
- (d) The surviving spouse or eligible child or children of a member who left the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and died while serving in the uniformed services may, on behalf of the deceased member, apply for retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of the member's death in the uniformed services. The department shall establish the deceased member's service credit if the surviving spouse or eligible child or children:
- 19 <u>(i) Provides to the director proof of the member's death while</u> 20 serving in the uniformed services;
  - (ii) Provides to the director proof of the member's honorable service in the uniformed services prior to the date of death; and
  - (iii) Pays the employee contributions required under chapter 41.45 RCW within five years of the date of death or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.
  - (e) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and becomes totally incapacitated for continued employment by an employer while serving in the uniformed services is entitled to retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of discharge from the uniformed services if:
  - (i) The member obtains a determination from the director that he or she is totally incapacitated for continued employment due to conditions or events that occurred while serving in the uniformed services;
- 35 <u>(ii) The member provides to the director proof of honorable</u> 36 discharge from the uniformed services; and
- 37 (iii) The member pays the employee contributions required under

- 1 chapter 41.45 RCW within five years of the director's determination of
- 2 total disability or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever
- 3 comes first.

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- 4 Sec. 5. RCW 41.35.650 and 1998 c 341 s 206 are each amended to 5 read as follows:
  - (1) A member who is on a paid leave of absence authorized by a member's employer shall continue to receive service credit.
  - (2) A member who receives compensation from an employer while on an authorized leave of absence to serve as an elected official of a labor and whose employer is reimbursed by the organization, organization for the compensation paid to the member during the period of absence, may also be considered to be on a paid leave of absence. This subsection shall only apply if the member's leave of absence is authorized by a collective bargaining agreement that provides that the member retains seniority rights with the employer during the period of leave. The earnable compensation reported for a member who establishes service credit under this subsection may not be greater than the salary paid to the highest paid job class covered by the collective bargaining agreement.
  - (3) Except as specified in subsection (4) of this section, a member shall be eligible to receive a maximum of two years service credit during a member's entire working career for those periods when a member is on an unpaid leave of absence authorized by an employer. Such credit may be obtained only if:
  - (a) The member makes the contribution on behalf of the employer, plus interest, as determined by the department; and
  - (b) The member makes the employee contribution, plus interest, as determined by the department, to the defined contribution portion.

The contributions required shall be based on the average of the member's earnable compensation at both the time the authorized leave of absence was granted and the time the member resumed employment.

(4) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the ((armed forces)) uniformed services of the United States shall be entitled to retirement system service credit for up to five years of military service if within ninety days of the member's honorable discharge from the uniformed services of the United States ((armed forces)), the member applies for reemployment with the employer who

employed the member immediately prior to the member entering the ((United States armed forces)) uniformed services. This subsection shall be administered in a manner consistent with the requirements of the federal uniformed services employment and reemployment rights act.

The department shall establish the member's service credit and shall bill the employer for its contribution required under RCW 41.35.720 for the period of military service, plus interest as determined by the department. Service credit under this subsection may be obtained only if the member makes the employee contribution to the defined contribution portion as determined by the department.

The contributions required shall be based on the compensation the member would have earned if not on leave, or if that cannot be estimated with reasonable certainty, the compensation reported for the member in the year prior to when the member went on military leave.

- (a) The surviving spouse or eligible child or children of a member who left the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and died while serving in the uniformed services may, on behalf of the deceased member, apply for retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of the member's death in the uniformed services. The department shall establish the deceased member's service credit if the surviving spouse or eligible child or children:
- 23 <u>(i) Provides to the director proof of the member's death while</u> 24 serving in the uniformed services;
  - (ii) Provides to the director proof of the member's honorable service in the uniformed services prior to the date of death; and
  - (iii) Pays the employee contributions required under this subsection within five years of the date of death or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.
  - (b) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and becomes totally incapacitated for continued employment by an employer while serving in the uniformed services is entitled to retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of discharge from the uniformed services if:
- (i) The member obtains a determination from the director that he or she is totally incapacitated for continued employment due to conditions or events that occurred while serving in the uniformed services;

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- (ii) The member provides to the director proof of honorable discharge from the uniformed services; and
- (iii) The member pays the employee contributions required under this subsection within five years of the director's determination of total disability or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.
- Sec. 6. RCW 41.32.260 and 1992 c 212 s 8 are each amended to read 8 as follows:

Any member whose public school service is interrupted by active service to the United States as a member of its ((military, naval or air service)) uniformed services, or to the state of Washington, as a member of the legislature, may upon becoming reemployed in the public schools, receive credit for that service upon presenting satisfactory proof, and contributing to the member reserve, either in a lump sum or installments, amounts determined by the director. Except that no military service credit in excess of five years shall be established or reestablished after July 1, 1961, unless the service was actually rendered during time of war. This section shall be administered in a manner consistent with the requirements of the federal uniformed services employment and reemployment rights act.

- (1) The surviving spouse or eligible child or children of a member who left the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and died while serving in the uniformed services may, on behalf of the deceased member, apply for retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of the member's death in the uniformed services. The department shall establish the deceased member's service credit if the surviving spouse or eligible child or children:
- (a) Provides to the director proof of the member's death while serving in the uniformed services;
- (b) Provides to the director proof of the member's honorable service in the uniformed services prior to the date of death; and
- 33 (c) Pays the employee contributions required under chapter 41.45
  34 RCW within five years of the date of death or prior to the distribution
  35 of any benefit, whichever comes first.
- 36 (2) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and becomes totally

incapacitated for continued employment by an employer while serving in the uniformed services is entitled to retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of discharge from the uniformed services if:

- (a) The member obtains a determination from the director that he or she is totally incapacitated for continued employment due to conditions or events that occurred while serving in the uniformed services;
- (b) The member provides to the director proof of honorable discharge from the uniformed services; and
- 10 (c) The member pays the employee contributions required under
  11 chapter 41.45 RCW within five years of the director's determination of
  12 total disability or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever
  13 comes first.
- 14 Sec. 7. RCW 41.32.810 and 1996 c 61 s 2 are each amended to read 15 as follows:
  - (1) A member who is on a paid leave of absence authorized by a member's employer shall continue to receive service credit as provided for under the provisions of RCW 41.32.755 through 41.32.825.
  - (2) A member who receives compensation from an employer while on an authorized leave of absence to serve as an elected official of a labor organization, and whose employer is reimbursed by the labor organization for the compensation paid to the member during the period of absence, may also be considered to be on a paid leave of absence. This subsection shall only apply if the member's leave of absence is authorized by a collective bargaining agreement that provides that the member retains seniority rights with the employer during the period of leave. The earnable compensation reported for a member who establishes service credit under this subsection may not be greater than the salary paid to the highest paid job class covered by the collective bargaining agreement.
  - (3) Except as specified in subsection (6) of this section, a member shall be eligible to receive a maximum of two years service credit during a member's entire working career for those periods when a member is on an unpaid leave of absence authorized by an employer. Such credit may be obtained only if the member makes both the employer and member contributions plus interest as determined by the department for

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the period of the authorized leave of absence within five years of resumption of service or prior to retirement whichever comes sooner.

- (4) If a member fails to meet the time limitations of subsection (3) of this section, the member may receive a maximum of two years of service credit during a member's working career for those periods when a member is on unpaid leave of absence authorized by an employer. This may be done by paying the amount required under RCW 41.50.165(2) prior to retirement.
- (5) For the purpose of subsection (3) of this section, the contribution shall not include the contribution for the unfunded supplemental present value as required by RCW 41.32.775. The contributions required shall be based on the average of the member's earnable compensation at both the time the authorized leave of absence was granted and the time the member resumed employment.
- (6) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the ((armed forces)) uniformed services of the United States shall be entitled to retirement system service credit for up to five years of military service. This subsection shall be administered in a manner consistent with the requirements of the federal uniformed services employment and reemployment rights act.
- 21 (a) The member qualifies for service credit under this subsection 22 if:
  - (i) Within ninety days of the member's honorable discharge from the <u>uniformed services of the</u> United States ((armed forces)), the member applies for reemployment with the employer who employed the member immediately prior to the member entering the ((United States armed forces)) uniformed services; and
  - (ii) The member makes the employee contributions required under RCW 41.32.775 within five years of resumption of service or prior to retirement, whichever comes sooner; or
  - (iii) Prior to retirement and not within ninety days of the member's honorable discharge or five years of resumption of service the member pays the amount required under RCW 41.50.165(2).
  - (b) Upon receipt of member contributions under (a) (ii), (d) (iii), or (e) (iii) of this subsection, the department shall establish the member's service credit and shall bill the employer for its contribution required under RCW 41.32.775 for the period of military service, plus interest as determined by the department.

(c) The contributions required under (a) (ii), (d) (iii), or (e) (iii) of this subsection shall be based on the compensation the member would have earned if not on leave, or if that cannot be estimated with reasonable certainty, the compensation reported for the member in the year prior to when the member went on military leave.

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- (d) The surviving spouse or eliqible child or children of a member who left the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and died while serving in the uniformed services may, on behalf of the deceased member, apply for retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of the member's death in the uniformed services. The department shall establish the deceased member's service credit if the surviving spouse or eliqible child or children:
- (i) Provides to the director proof of the member's death while
  serving in the uniformed services;
- 16 <u>(ii) Provides to the director proof of the member's honorable</u>
  17 service in the uniformed services prior to the date of death; and
  - (iii) Pays the employee contributions required under chapter 41.45

    RCW within five years of the date of death or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.
  - (e) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and becomes totally incapacitated for continued employment by an employer while serving in the uniformed services is entitled to retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of discharge from the uniformed services if:
  - (i) The member obtains a determination from the director that he or she is totally incapacitated for continued employment due to conditions or events that occurred while serving in the uniformed services;
- 30 (ii) The member provides to the director proof of honorable 31 discharge from the uniformed services; and
- (iii) The member pays the employee contributions required under chapter 41.45 RCW within five years of the director's determination of total disability or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.
- **Sec. 8.** RCW 41.32.865 and 1996 c 61 s 3 are each amended to read 37 as follows:

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(1) A member who is on a paid leave of absence authorized by a member's employer shall continue to receive service credit.

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- (2) A member who receives compensation from an employer while on an authorized leave of absence to serve as an elected official of a labor and whose employer is reimbursed by organization, organization for the compensation paid to the member during the period of absence, may also be considered to be on a paid leave of absence. This subsection shall only apply if the member's leave of absence is authorized by a collective bargaining agreement that provides that the member retains seniority rights with the employer during the period of leave. The earnable compensation reported for a member who establishes service credit under this subsection may not be greater than the salary paid to the highest paid job class covered by the collective bargaining agreement.
- (3) Except as specified in subsection (4) of this section, a member shall be eligible to receive a maximum of two years service credit during a member's entire working career for those periods when a member is on an unpaid leave of absence authorized by an employer. Such credit may be obtained only if:
- (a) The member makes the contribution on behalf of the employer, plus interest, as determined by the department; and
- (b) The member makes the employee contribution, plus interest, as determined by the department, to the defined contribution portion.

The contributions required shall be based on the average of the member's earnable compensation at both the time the authorized leave of absence was granted and the time the member resumed employment.

(4) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the ((armed forces)) uniformed services of the United States shall be entitled to retirement system service credit for up to five years of military service if within ninety days of the member's honorable discharge from the uniformed services of the United States ((armed forces)), the member applies for reemployment with the employer who employed the member immediately prior to the member entering the ((United States armed forces)) uniformed services. This subsection shall be administered in a manner consistent with the requirements of the federal uniformed services employment and reemployment rights act.

The department shall establish the member's service credit and shall bill the employer for its contribution required under chapter

239, Laws of 1995 for the period of military service, plus interest as determined by the department. Service credit under this subsection may be obtained only if the member makes the employee contribution to the defined contribution portion as determined by the department.

The contributions required shall be based on the compensation the member would have earned if not on leave, or if that cannot be estimated with reasonable certainty, the compensation reported for the member in the year prior to when the member went on military leave.

- (a) The surviving spouse or eligible child or children of a member who left the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and died while serving in the uniformed services may, on behalf of the deceased member, apply for retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of the member's death in the uniformed services. The department shall establish the deceased member's service credit if the surviving spouse or eligible child or children:
- (i) Provides to the director proof of the member's death while serving in the uniformed services;
- (ii) Provides to the director proof of the member's honorable service in the uniformed services prior to the date of death; and
- (iii) Pays the employee contributions required under this subsection within five years of the date of death or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.
- (b) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and becomes totally incapacitated for continued employment by an employer while serving in the uniformed services is entitled to retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of discharge from the uniformed services if:
- (i) The member obtains a determination from the director that he or she is totally incapacitated for continued employment due to conditions or events that occurred while serving in the uniformed services;
- 33 (ii) The member provides to the director proof of honorable
  34 discharge from the uniformed services; and
- (iii) The member pays the employee contributions required under this subsection within five years of the director's determination of total disability or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.

sec. 9. RCW 41.26.520 and 2002 c 28 s 1 are each amended to read
as follows:

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- (1) A member who is on a paid leave of absence authorized by a member's employer shall continue to receive service credit as provided for under the provisions of RCW 41.26.410 through 41.26.550.
- (2) A member who receives compensation from an employer while on an authorized leave of absence to serve as an elected official of a labor organization, and whose employer is reimbursed by the labor organization for the compensation paid to the member during the period of absence, may also be considered to be on a paid leave of absence. This subsection shall only apply if the member's leave of absence is authorized by a collective bargaining agreement that provides that the member retains seniority rights with the employer during the period of leave. The basic salary reported for a member who establishes service credit under this subsection may not be greater than the salary paid to the highest paid job class covered by the collective bargaining agreement.
- (3) Except as specified in subsection (7) of this section, a member shall be eligible to receive a maximum of two years service credit during a member's entire working career for those periods when a member is on an unpaid leave of absence authorized by an employer. Such credit may be obtained only if the member makes the employer, member, and state contributions plus interest as determined by the department for the period of the authorized leave of absence within five years of resumption of service or prior to retirement whichever comes sooner.
- (4) A law enforcement member may be authorized by an employer to work part time and to go on a part-time leave of absence. During a part-time leave of absence a member is prohibited from any other employment with their employer. A member is eligible to receive credit for any portion of service credit not earned during a month of part-time leave of absence if the member makes the employer, member, and state contributions, plus interest, as determined by the department for the period of the authorized leave within five years of resumption of full-time service or prior to retirement whichever comes sooner. Any service credit purchased for a part-time leave of absence is included in the two-year maximum provided in subsection (3) of this section.
- (5) If a member fails to meet the time limitations of subsection (3) or (4) of this section, the member may receive a maximum of two

years of service credit during a member's working career for those periods when a member is on unpaid leave of absence authorized by an employer. This may be done by paying the amount required under RCW 41.50.165(2) prior to retirement.

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- (6) For the purpose of subsection (3) or (4) of this section the contribution shall not include the contribution for the unfunded supplemental present value as required by RCW 41.45.060, 41.45.061, and 41.45.067. The contributions required shall be based on the average of the member's basic salary at both the time the authorized leave of absence was granted and the time the member resumed employment.
- (7) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the ((armed forces)) uniformed services of the United States shall be entitled to retirement system service credit for up to five years of military service. This subsection shall be administered in a manner consistent with the requirements of the federal uniformed services employment and reemployment rights act.
- 17 (a) The member qualifies for service credit under this subsection 18 if:
  - (i) Within ninety days of the member's honorable discharge from the uniformed services of the United States ((armed forces)), the member applies for reemployment with the employer who employed the member immediately prior to the member entering the ((United States armed forces)) uniformed services; and
  - (ii) The member makes the employee contributions required under RCW 41.45.060, 41.45.061, and 41.45.067 within five years of resumption of service or prior to retirement, whichever comes sooner; or
  - (iii) Prior to retirement and not within ninety days of the member's honorable discharge or five years of resumption of service the member pays the amount required under RCW 41.50.165(2).
  - (b) Upon receipt of member contributions under (a)(ii), (d)(iii), or (e)(iii) of this subsection, the department shall establish the member's service credit and shall bill the employer and the state for their respective contributions required under RCW 41.26.450 for the period of military service, plus interest as determined by the department.
- 36 (c) The contributions required under (a) (ii), (d) (iii), or (e) (iii)
  37 of this subsection shall be based on the compensation the member would

- have earned if not on leave, or if that cannot be estimated with reasonable certainty, the compensation reported for the member in the year prior to when the member went on military leave.
- (d) The surviving spouse or eligible child or children of a member 4 who left the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of 5 the United States and died while serving in the uniformed services may, 6 on behalf of the deceased member, apply for retirement system service 7 credit under this subsection up to the date of the member's death in 8 the uniformed services. The department shall establish the deceased 9 member's service credit if the surviving spouse or eligible child or 10 children: 11
- 12 <u>(i) Provides to the director proof of the member's death while</u>
  13 serving in the uniformed services;

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- (ii) Provides to the director proof of the member's honorable service in the uniformed services prior to the date of death; and
- (iii) Pays the employee contributions required under chapter 41.45

  RCW within five years of the date of death or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.
- (e) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and becomes totally incapacitated for continued employment by an employer while serving in the uniformed services is entitled to retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of discharge from the uniformed services if:
- (i) The member obtains a determination from the director that he or she is totally incapacitated for continued employment due to conditions or events that occurred while serving in the uniformed services;
- (ii) The member provides to the director proof of honorable discharge from the uniformed services; and
- (iii) The member pays the employee contributions required under chapter 41.45 RCW within five years of the director's determination of total disability or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.
- 34 (8) A member receiving benefits under Title 51 RCW who is not 35 receiving benefits under this chapter shall be deemed to be on unpaid, 36 authorized leave of absence.

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Sec. 10. RCW 43.43.260 and 2002 c 27 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

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Upon retirement from service as provided in RCW 43.43.250, a member shall be granted a retirement allowance which shall consist of:

- (1) A prior service allowance which shall be equal to two percent of the member's average final salary multiplied by the number of years of prior service rendered by the member.
- (2) A current service allowance which shall be equal to two percent of the member's average final salary multiplied by the number of years of service rendered while a member of the retirement system.
- (3)(a) Any member commissioned prior to January 1, 2003, with twenty-five years service in the Washington state patrol may have the member's service in the ((armed\_forces)) uniformed services credited as a member whether or not the individual left the employ of the Washington state patrol to enter such ((armed forces)) uniformed PROVIDED, That in no instance shall military service in services: excess of five years be credited: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That in each member must restore all withdrawn accumulated instance, а contributions, which restoration must be completed on the date of the member's retirement, or as provided under RCW 43.43.130, whichever occurs first: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That this section shall not apply to any individual, not a veteran within the meaning of RCW 41.06.150.
- (b) A member who leaves the Washington state patrol to enter the ((armed forces)) uniformed services of the United States shall be entitled to retirement system service credit for up to five years of military service. This subsection shall be administered in a manner consistent with the requirements of the federal uniformed services employment and reemployment rights act.
- 29 (i) The member qualifies for service credit under this subsection 30 if:
  - (A) Within ninety days of the member's honorable discharge from the uniformed services of the United States ((armed forces)), the member applies for reemployment with the employer who employed the member immediately prior to the member entering the ((United States armed forces)) uniformed services; and
- 36 (B) The member makes the employee contributions required under RCW 41.45.0631 and 41.45.067 within five years of resumption of service or prior to retirement, whichever comes sooner; or

(C) Prior to retirement and not within ninety days of the member's 1 . honorable discharge or five years of resumption of service the member pays the amount required under RCW 41.50.165(2).

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- Upon receipt of member contributions under (b) (i) (B) \_\_ (ii) (b) (iv) (C), and (b) (v) (C) of this subsection, the department shall establish the member's service credit and shall bill the employer for its contribution required under RCW 41.45.060 for the period of military service, plus interest as determined by the department.
- (iii) The contributions required under (b) (i) (B), (b) (iv) (C), and (b) (v) (C) of this subsection shall be based on the compensation the member would have earned if not on leave, or if that cannot be estimated with reasonable certainty, the compensation reported for the member in the year prior to when the member went on military leave.
- (iv) The surviving spouse or eligible child or children of a member who left the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and died while serving in the uniformed services may, on behalf of the deceased member, apply for retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of the member's death in the uniformed services. The department shall establish the deceased member's service credit if the surviving spouse or eligible child or children:
- (A) Provides to the director proof of the member's death while 22 23 serving in the uniformed services;
  - (B) Provides to the director proof of the member's honorable service in the uniformed services prior to the date of death; and
  - (C) If the member was commissioned on or after January 1, 2003, pays the employee contributions required under chapter 41.45 RCW within five years of the date of death or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.
  - (v) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and becomes totally incapacitated for continued employment by an employer while serving in the uniformed services is entitled to retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of discharge from the uniformed services if:
- 36 (A) The member obtains a determination from the director that he or she is totally incapacitated for continued employment due to conditions 37 or events that occurred while serving in the uniformed services; 38

(B) The member provides to the director proof of honorable discharge from the uniformed services; and

- (C) If the member was commissioned on or after January 1, 2003, the member pays the employee contributions required under chapter 41.45 RCW within five years of the director's determination of total disability or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.
- (4) In no event shall the total retirement benefits from subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section, of any member exceed seventy-five percent of the member's average final salary.
- (5) Beginning July 1, 2001, and every year thereafter, the department shall determine the following information for each retired member or beneficiary whose retirement allowance has been in effect for at least one year:
  - (a) The original dollar amount of the retirement allowance;
- (b) The index for the calendar year prior to the effective date of the retirement allowance, to be known as "index A";
- (c) The index for the calendar year prior to the date of determination, to be known as "index B"; and
  - (d) The ratio obtained when index B is divided by index A.

The value of the ratio obtained shall be the annual adjustment to the original retirement allowance and shall be applied beginning with the July payment. In no event, however, shall the annual adjustment:

- (i) Produce a retirement allowance which is lower than the original retirement allowance;
  - (ii) Exceed three percent in the initial annual adjustment; or
- 26 (iii) Differ from the previous year's annual adjustment by more 27 than three percent.

For the purposes of this section, "index" means, for any calendar year, that year's average consumer price index for the Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton Washington area for urban wage earners and clerical workers, all items, compiled by the bureau of labor statistics, United States department of labor.

- 33 The provisions of this section shall apply to all members presently 34 retired and to all members who shall retire in the future.
- **Sec. 11.** RCW 41.37.260 and 2004 c 242 s 32 are each amended to 36 read as follows:

(1) A member who is on a paid leave of absence authorized by a member's employer shall continue to receive service credit as provided for under RCW 41.37.190 through 41.37.290.

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- (2) A member who receives compensation from an employer while on an authorized leave of absence to serve as an elected official of a labor reimbursed by the employer is whose organization, and organization for the compensation paid to the member during the period of absence, may also be considered to be on a paid leave of absence. This subsection shall only apply if the member's leave of absence is authorized by a collective bargaining agreement that provides that the member retains seniority rights with the employer during the period of leave. The compensation earnable reported for a member who establishes service credit under this subsection may not be greater than the salary paid to the highest paid job class covered by the collective bargaining agreement.
- (3) Except as specified in subsection (4) of this section, a member shall be eligible to receive a maximum of two years service credit during a member's entire working career for those periods when a member is on an unpaid leave of absence authorized by an employer. This credit may be obtained only if:
- (a) The member makes both the employer and member contributions plus interest as determined by the department for the period of the authorized leave of absence within five years of resumption of service or prior to retirement whichever comes sooner; or
- (b) If not within five years of resumption of service but prior to retirement, pay the amount required under RCW 41.50.165(2).

The contributions required under (a) of this subsection shall be based on the average of the member's compensation earnable at both the time the authorized leave of absence was granted and the time the member resumed employment.

- (4) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the ((armed forces)) uniformed services of the United States shall be entitled to retirement system service credit for up to five years of military service. This subsection shall be administered in a manner consistent with the requirements of the federal uniformed services employment and reemployment rights act.
- 37 (a) The member qualifies for service credit under this subsection 38 if:

(i) Within ninety days of the member's honorable discharge from the uniformed services of the United States ((armed forces)), the member applies for reemployment with the employer who employed the member immediately prior to the member entering the ((United States armed forces)) uniformed services; and

- (ii) The member makes the employee contributions required under RCW 41.37.220 within five years of resumption of service or prior to retirement, whichever comes sooner; or
- (iii) Prior to retirement and not within ninety days of the member's honorable discharge or five years of resumption of service the member pays the amount required under RCW 41.50.165(2).
- (b) Upon receipt of member contributions under (a) (ii), (d) (iii), or (e) (iii) of this subsection, the department shall establish the member's service credit and shall bill the employer for its contribution required under RCW 41.37.220 for the period of military service, plus interest as determined by the department.
- (c) The contributions required under (a) (ii), (d) (iii), or (e) (iii) of this subsection shall be based on the compensation the member would have earned if not on leave, or if that cannot be estimated with reasonable certainty, the compensation reported for the member in the year prior to when the member went on military leave.
- (d) The surviving spouse or eligible child or children of a member who left the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and died while serving in the uniformed services may, on behalf of the deceased member, apply for retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of the member's death in the uniformed services. The department shall establish the deceased member's service credit if the surviving spouse or eligible child or children:
- (i) Provides to the director proof of the member's death while serving in the uniformed services;
- (ii) Provides to the director proof of the member's honorable service in the uniformed services prior to the date of death; and
- (iii) Pays the employee contributions required under chapter 41.45
  RCW within five years of the date of death or prior to the distribution
  of any benefit, whichever comes first.
- 37 <u>(e) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the</u>
  38 uniformed services of the United States and becomes totally

1	incapacitated for continued employment by an employer while serving in
	the uniformed services is entitled to retirement system service credit
	under this subsection up to the date of discharge from the uniformed
3	under this subsection up to the date of discharge from the difference
4	services if:

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- (i) The member obtains a determination from the director that he or she is totally incapacitated for continued employment due to conditions or events that occurred while serving in the uniformed services;
- (ii) The member provides to the director proof of honorable discharge from the uniformed services; and
- (iii) The member pays the employee contributions required under chapter 41.45 RCW within five years of the director's determination of total disability or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. Section 11 of this act takes effect July 1, 2006.

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## DRAFT FISCAL NOTE

REQUEST NO.

RESPONDING AGENCY:	CODE:	DATE:	BILL NUMBER:
Office of the State Actuary	035	10/25/04	Z-0177.1

#### **SUMMARY OF BILL:**

This bill impacts the Public Employees' Retirement System, the School Employees' Retirement System, the Teachers' Retirement System, the Law Enforcement Officers' and Firefighters' Retirement System Plan 2, the Washington State Patrol Retirement System, and the Public Safety Employees' Retirement System by authorizing interruptive military service credit for employees who cannot return to public employment due to death or total disability while serving in the uniformed services. Service credit could be purchased by a disabled member or survivor(s) of a deceased member for interruptive military service credit up to the date of death or disability.

Effective Date: 90 days after session.

#### **CURRENT SITUATION:**

Interruptive military service is governed by the Uniformed Services Employment and Re-employment Rights Act (USERRA). At a minimum, public employers must provide the protections specified in the act. State law can provide for benefits that are more generous than those under USERRA, as long as the minimum requirements of the federal law are fully satisfied.

USERRA provides for the re-employment of individuals who leave employment to serve in the uniformed services of the United States. Included in USERRA's re-employment rights is the right to restoration of retirement plan benefits, and to that end, USERRA provides for reinstatement of retirement service credit after re-employment. USERRA does not, however, address the retirement benefits that would have accrued to members who are never re-employed because they died while in active service or became totally incapacitated for continued service with their employer.

#### **MEMBERS IMPACTED:**

We estimate that each year, 0 to 6 members out of the total members of all the systems would be affected by this bill.

We estimate that for a typical member impacted by this bill, the increase in benefits would be in the \$40 to \$50 per month range.

#### FISCAL IMPACT:

The cost of this bill is insufficient to increase contribution rates in any of the affected systems.

# **Select Committee on Pension Policy**

# **December Meeting Planner**

(August 9, 2004)

## **EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE AGENDA (AM)**

- (A) Deferred Rate Increases
- (B) Purchasing Power Subgroup Recommendation
- (C) Business Planning Subgroup
- (D)
- (E)

### **FULL COMMITTEE AGENDA**

- (1) LEOFF 1 Benefit Cap
- (2) LEOFF 1 Ex-spouse Survivor Benefit
- (3) TRS Retire/Rehire Sick Leave Cashout
- (4) Interruptive Military Service
- (5) Purchasing Power Subgoup
  - PERS 1 and TRS 1 COLA
  - Retiree Health Insurance
  - Gain-sharing
- (6) Deferred Rate Increases
- (7) Age 65 Retirement
  - Rule of 90
  - TRS Service Credit Purchase
  - TRS Out-of-state Service Credit Purchase
- (8) Technical Corrections

SCPP Executive Con	MITTEE	
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